Ivan, A.-Kirchner, K.
GEOMORPHOLOGY OF THE PODYJÍ NATIONAL PARK IN THE SOUTHEASTERN PART OF THE BOHEMIAN MASSIF (SOUTH MORAVIA)
The canyon of the Dyje river on the frontier between Moravia and Austria is a main landscape feature in the podyji National Park declared in 1991. The canyon is deep to 250 m and incised in various crystalline rocks, dissecting extensive planation surface with many rests of kaoline weathering crust. The canyon originated by surimposition from cover of Miocene sediments is also a unique landscape feature in the Bohemian massif with many incised meanders, fissure icecaves, gravitational forms, block fields, tors, pseudolapiés and interesting anthropogenic forms.

Kolejka, J.-Nováček, V.
MAPS OF NATURAL LANDSCAPE TYPES AND LAND USE IN THE CZECH REPUBLIK
Natural landscape types were formed exclusively by the action of natural forces and at the same time they presented natural material base for the formation of territorial structures of the environment. Properties of any natural territorial unit influence both the choice of anthropogenic activities in the landscape and their distribution in the area. On the basis of natural landscape and through the influence of human activities territorial units of the present landscape with its characteristic structure are formed. Land use is an essential physiognomic element of the contemporary landscape and data on land use inform us about basic functional differentiation of the territory in the Czech Republic.

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